

**DEPT. OF ACADEMICS** 

Details					
Campus		Date			
Name of student		Class	CBSE 10		
Name of examination	Pre-Board 1 Examination	Student Roll			
Subject	Mathematics				
Session	2020-21				
Duration	3 hours				
Maximum marks	80				

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- For students of Classes 1 4, use 2B or HB lead pencil.
   For students of Classes 5 and above, write in dark blue or black pen.
- 2. Please check that this question paper contains 11 printed pages.
- 3. Please check that this question paper contains 36 questions.
- 4. The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part question.
- 5. Please write down the serial number of the question before attempting.
- 6. Do not use paper clips, highlighters, glue, or correction fluid.
- 7. At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.



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#### **EXAM-SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.
- 2. Both Part A and Part B have internal choices.

#### Part - A

- 1. It consists two sections- I and II.
- 2. Section I has 16 questions of 1 mark each. Internal choice is provided in 5 questions.
- 3. Section II has 4 questions on case study. Each case study has 5 case-based sub-parts. An examinee is to attempt any 4 out of 5 sub-parts.

#### Part - B

- 1. Question No 21 to 26 are Very short answer Type questions of 2 mark each,
- 2. Question No 27 to 33 are Short Answer Type questions of 3 marks each
- 3. Question No 34 to 36 are Long Answer Type questions of 5 marks each.
- 4. Internal choice is provided in 2 questions of 2 marks, 2 questions of 3 marks and 1 question of 5 marks.

[Turn over



Sr. No.	No. Part – A				
	Section – I				
	Section I has 16 questions of 1 mark each. Internal choice is provided in 5 questions.				
1	If the product of the zeros of the quadratic polynomial $3x^2 + 5x + k$ is $\frac{-2}{3}$ then find k (OR)	1			
	If $\alpha$ and $\beta$ are the zeros of p(x) = $x^2 - 5x + b$ and $\alpha - \beta = 1$ then find the value of b				
2	If $x = 0.\overline{7}$ , then find the value of $2x$ as a rational number.	1			
3	Find the value of k for which the system of equations $3x + 5y = 0$ and $kx + 10y = 0$ has a non - zero solution.	1			
4	Compute the sum of the first 30 terms of the AP 3, 8, 13, 18,	1			
	(OR)				
	In an AP if $a = -2.5$ , $d = 0$ , $n = 107$ then find $a_n$ .				
5	If the angle of elevation of the tower from a distance of 100 m from its foot is 60°, then find the height of tower.	1			
6	Find the H.C.F and L.C.M of $a^2b^3c^9$ and $b^2c^5d^3$ where a, b, c, d are prime numbers.	1			
7	$\Delta\textit{ABC}$ is an Equilateral triangle of side 2a . Find the length of one of its altitude	1			
8	Write the discriminant of : $4\sqrt{3} x^2 + 5x - 2\sqrt{3}$	1			
	(OR)				
	The equation $2x^2 + kx + 3 = 0$ has two equal roots. Find the value of k.				



9	A car has two wipers do not overlap. Each wiper has a blade of length	1
	21 cm sweeping through an angle of 115 <sup>0</sup> . Find the total area cleaned	
	at each sweep of the blades.	
10	Find the sum of first hundred even natural numbers divisible by 5.	1
	(OR)	
	How many 2 digits numbers are divisible by 3	
11	If HCF (a,b) = 12 and a $\times$ b = 1800 ,then find the L.C.M (a,b)	1
	(OR)	
	Check whether (15) <sup>n</sup> can end with digit 0 for any n.	
12	If one of the zeroes of the quadratic polynomial	1
	$f(x) = 14x^2 - 42 k^2 x - 9$ is negative of the other, find the value of k.	
13	If the perimeter of a semicircular protractor is 36 cm, find its diameter.	1
10	in the perimeter of a semionodial productor is 60 om, into its diameter.	·
14	If $\sec\theta$ . $\sin\theta = 0$ , then find the value of $\theta$ .	1
15	Find the perpendicular distance A(5,12) from the y – axis .	1
40		
16	In Fig., AT is a tangent to the circle with centre O such that OT = 4 cm and $\angle$ OTA = 30°. Find the length of AT.	1
	O d d cm 30° T	



Sr. No.	Section – II					
	Case study-based questions are compulsory.					
	Attempt any 4 sub parts from each question. Each sub parts carries 1 mark.					
17	A and B are playing cards with complete deck of 52 cards. Out of 25 games A won 13 games. Later they started playing Ludo with 2 dice.					
	(i) Find the probability of B winning cards	1				
	a) 1 (b) $\frac{12}{25}$ (c) $\frac{25}{13}$ (d) -1					
	(ii) Find the probability of getting face cards.	1				
	(a) $\frac{14}{52}$ (b) $\frac{4}{25}$ (c) $\frac{38}{53}$ (d) $\frac{12}{52}$					
	(iii) Find the probability of getting doublets.	1				
	(a) $\frac{1}{6}$ (b) $\frac{4}{36}$ (c) $\frac{6}{35}$ (d) $\frac{12}{35}$					
	(iv) Find the probability of getting sum as even if two dice are	1				
	thrown.					
	(a) $\frac{14}{52}$ (b) $\frac{18}{36}$ (c) $\frac{38}{53}$ (d) $\frac{12}{52}$					
	(v) Find the probability of getting queen in red set					
	(a) $\frac{3}{26}$ (b) $\frac{4}{26}$ (c) $\frac{2}{26}$ (d) $\frac{2}{52}$					



18	The following table shows the marks obtained by 50 students in a class.						
	Marks	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	
	No of students	8	12	10	11	9	
	(i) The clas	s average i	s:				1
	a) 25.9	(b) 2	6 (c)	29	(d) 25.2		
	(ii) The low	er limit of th	ne median o	class is			1
	a) 40	(b) 1	0 (c)	30	(d) 20		
	(iii) The cun	nulative fred	quency of th	ne class 30	-40 is		1
	a) 40	(b) 20	(c)	30	(d) 41		
	(iv) The upper limit of the modal class is						
	a) 20	(b) 30	(c)	10 (	d) 20		
	(v) The conduction		cumulative	frequency	table is use	ful in	1
	a) mean	b) medi	an c) n	node d	) all of thes	e above	
19	If the radii o	f the two co	ncentric ci	rcles with C	entre O are	e 7 cm and	
	14 cm respe	-	angle∠ <i>A0</i>	$C=40^{\circ}$ , w	here AC is	a chord of	
	(i) Area of inner circle is						1
	(a) 150 d	cm <sup>2</sup> (b)	154 cm <sup>2</sup>	(b) 145 c	m <sup>2</sup>	(d) 300 cm <sup>2</sup>	



	(ii) Area of outer circle is	1					
	(a) $616 \text{ cm}^2$ (b) $641 \text{ cm}^2$ (c) $465 \text{ cm}^2$ (d) $600 \text{ cm}^2$						
	(iii) Area of sector AOC is	1					
	(a) $\frac{616}{9}$ (b) $\frac{614}{9}$ (c) $\frac{626}{9}$ (d) $\frac{606}{9}$						
	(iv) Area between two concentric circles is						
	(a) 462 cm <sup>2</sup> (b) 362 cm <sup>2</sup> (c) 262 cm <sup>2</sup> (d) 762 cm <sup>2</sup>						
	(v) Length of outer circular boundary.is	1					
	(a) 88 (b) 78 (c) 68 (d) 58						
20	(i) Two points on a Cartesian plane are (6,5) and (2,2).	1					
	Find the distance between the two points.						
	(a) $\sqrt{25}$ units (b) $\sqrt{7}$ units						
	(c) $\sqrt{15}$ units (d) $\sqrt{113}$ units						
	(ii) Find the midpoint of the line segment joining (6,5) and (2,2).						
	(a) (4, 3.5) (b) (2, 3.5)						
	(c) (3,4) (d) (3.5,2)						
	(iii) Find the point which equidistant to the given points on x axis.	1					
	(a) (23/4, 0) (b) (43/6, 0)						
	(c) (53/8, 0) (d) none of these						
	(iv) Find the point which equidistant to the given points on y axis.	1					
	(a) (0, 53/6) (b) (0, 43/8)						
	(c) (0, 63/5) (d) (0, 12/7)						
	(v) Find the division point of the line segment in the ratio 2 : 3	1					
	(a) (14/5, 11/5) (b) (22/5, 19/5)						
	(c) (6/5, 4/5) (d) (18/5, 16/5)						



	Part – B	
	Section – III	Marks
	All questions are compulsory. Contains 6 questions. Each question carries 2 marks. In case of internal choices attempt anyone.	
21	Three persons start their morning walk from the same line at the same time and in the same direction. Their steps measure 90cm 80cm and 85 cm. At what distance from the starting line will they be in the same line again?	2
22	Find a relation between x and y such that the point P(x, y) is	2
	equidistant from the points A (3, 6) and B (-3, 5).  (OR)	
	Let P and Q be the points of trisection of the line segment joining the points A (2, -2) and B (-7, 4) such that P is nearer to A. Find the coordinates of P and Q	
23	Draw a circle of radius 4 cm, with centre as O.Take a point P outside the circle at a distance of 6cm from O. Construct a pair of tangents to the circle from the point P.	2
24	Prove that $\frac{sinA + cos A}{cosA - sin A} + \frac{cosA - sin A}{sinA + cosA} = \frac{2}{cos^2A - sin^2A}$ (OR)  Prove that $\frac{cos^2\theta}{cot^2\theta - cos^2\theta} = tan^2\theta$	2
25	In figure, AB and CD are common tangents to two circles of unequal radii. Prove that AB=CD.	2
	$A \longrightarrow B \longrightarrow D$	



26	In the given figure, QA $\perp$ AB and PB $\perp$ AB. If AO = 20 cm, BO = 12 cm, PB = 18 cm, find AQ	2
	A O B	
Sr. No.	Section – IV	Marks
	All questions are compulsory.	
	In case of internal choices attempt any one	
27	Prove that 2 - $\sqrt{3}$ is irrational.	3
28	The 19 <sup>th</sup> term of an AP is equal to three times its 6 <sup>th</sup> term. If its 9 <sup>th</sup> term is 19, find the A.P.	3
	(OR)	
	The sum of the first seven terms of an AP is 182. If its 4 <sup>th</sup> and the 17 <sup>th</sup>	
	terms are in the ratio 1:5, find the AP.	



29	In a quadrilateral ABCD, $\angle B = 90^{\circ}$ .lf $AD^2 = AB^2 + BC^2 + CD^2$ , Prove						
	that $\angle ACD = 90^{\circ}$ .						
	(OR)						
	State and prove Pythagoras Theorem.						
	The mean of following frequency distribution is 55.						
30		3					
	Class Interval Frequency						
	0 -20 x						
	20-40 y						
	40-60 9						
	60-80 6						
	80-100 4						
	Total 24						
	If the total number of observations is 24, find the missing frequencies $x$ and $y$ .						
31	Solve the simultaneous system of linear equations to get the values of	3					
	x and y :						
	$\frac{x+1}{2} + \frac{y-1}{3} = 8$						
	_						
	$\frac{x-1}{3} + \frac{y+1}{2} = 9$						
32	Solve for x:	3					
	3 , 4 _ 29						
	$\frac{3}{x+1} + \frac{4}{x-1} = \frac{29}{4x-1}$						
33	Show that the points $(a, a)$ , $(-a, -a)$ and $(-\sqrt{3}a, \sqrt{3}a)$ are the vertices of an equilateral triangle.	3					
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Sr. No.	Section – V						Marks	
	All questions are compulsory. In case of internal choices attempt anyone.							
34	Find the mode of the following data							
	Class 1-3 3-5 5-7 7-9 9-11							5
	Frequency	7	8	2	2	1		
35	The angles of elighthouse from respectively. Fi	the top of a	•		•		fa	
	(a) the dista	ince betwee	n the lightl	house and	d the buil	ding.		3
	(b) the diffe	rence betwe ling.	en the hei	ghts of th	e lightho	use and		2
			(OR)	)				
	A boat goes 16 km upstream and 24 km downstream in 6 hours. Also it covers 12 km upstream and 36 km downstream in the same time. Find the speed of the boat in still water and that of the stream.						5	
36	A tent is in the shape of cylinder surmounted by a conical top of same diameter. If the height and diameter of cylindrical part are 2.1 m and					5		
	3 m respectively and the slant height of conical part is 2.8 m, find the							
	cost of canvas needed to make the tent, if the canvas is available at							
	the rate of ₹.500 per square meter. Use π =22/7.							

\*\*\*End of Paper\*\*\*